

What is Redistricting?

Redistricting is the process of redrawing the boundaries of election districts, including congressional and state legislative districts along with local election districts such as city councils, school boards, county governments, and more. Governments must redistrict at least once <u>every ten years</u>, based on federal Census data, to reflect changes in population and to ensure that all districts have the same number of residents.

Who Counts in Redistricting?

Redistricting is based on the idea of fair representation, which makes sure that each of our voices can be represented fairly, by creating districts that have the same number of people. Census data collected every ten years are used to draw new maps to account for the ways that populations have changed and moved across the states and districts.

Why do we need fair redistricting?

How district lines are drawn influences who runs for public office and who is elected. Elected representatives make decisions that are important to our lives, from ensuring safe schools to adopting immigration policies. Who lives in a district can influence whether elected officials feel responsible to respond to a community's needs. The district boundaries are in place for the next ten years, and their policy impacts can last well beyond that.





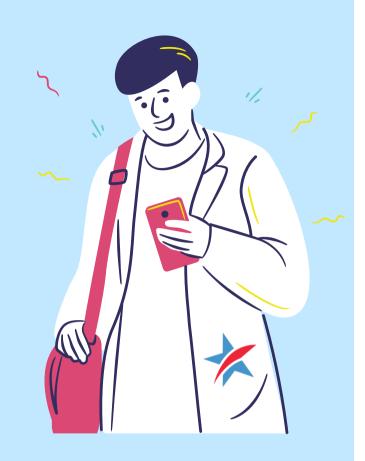
Who Gets to Draw the New Districts?

District boundaries are typically drawn by the elected officials who govern those districts. Some local jurisdictions use commissions to conduct public outreach, draft new maps, and in some cases, adopt those maps independently of the local legislative body.

Why should I get involved?

By participating in the redistricting process, communities that have had difficulty accessing representation or having their needs met, including communities of color and lowincome communities, will have the opportunity to shape which communities are empowered and who gets elected. District boundaries are generally drawn once every 10 years, so this process has long-term effects on community representation.





How can I participate in my local redistricting process?

- 1. Learn the basic rules and concepts of redistricting.
- 2. Find neighbors or organizations interested in redistricting, especially those sharing your views.
- 3. Clarify your goals: What issues do you and your neighbors care about? How does influencing the maps help your cause?
- 4. Engage your neighbors or coalition to collect stories about your community and create a description for your community.
- 5. Provide public comment about your community at a redistricting hearing.
- Advocate for your local government or commission to adopt a map that empowers your community.